1700



Whole House Fan Installation and Operation Manual



Thank you for your purchase!

1700 Ventura Whole House Fan with a Gravity Air Door

INDEX

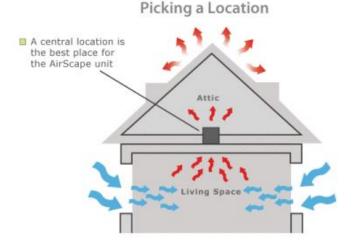
FRONT PAGE THEORY OF OPERATION SAFETY INFORMATION SUPPLIES INCLUDED REQUIRED TOOLS AND SUPPLIES NOT INCLUDED **ELECTRICAL REQUIREMENTS SYSTEM INSTALL GUIDE INSTALLATION OF THE LIFT-LOCK INSTALLATION OF THE AIR-DOOR INSTALLATION OF WIRING AND CONTROL PURCHASE OPTIONS (not included) START-UP AND OPERATION OPERATING TIPS DTC CONTROLLER FAN BOX BOARD MAINTENANCE GLOSSARY TROUBLE SHOOTING SPECIFICATIONS AIRLAB RESULTS**

ELECTRICAL SCHEMATICS

THEORY OF OPERATION

As a home heats up during the day, a large amount of heat is retained in its structure and contents. These materials give off their heat slowly and continue to heat the home's interior even if the outdoor temperature is comfortable. Homeowners are then forced to endure either uncomfortable hot indoor temperatures, or the expense of air conditioning. <u>AirScape</u> Sierra® and Ventura® whole house fans resolve this dilemma by exhausting hot indoor air out of, and drawing cool outdoor air into, the home.

Each of our fans has been designed for quiet and efficient operation. As such, we strongly recommend running this fan through the night to extract the maximum possible amount of heat from the home. This not only helps maintain a comfortable indoor temperature, but essentially "pre-cools" the home ahead of the next day's rise in temperature, which reduces, or can even eliminate, the need for traditional air conditioning.



Installing the unit centrally ensures air is replaced evenly throughout your house

- Locate this fan in a central location away from windows that will be opened to promote an even replacement of air throughout the home and greater the cooling effect.
- Locate this fan at the highest point possible to exploit natural convection and help exhaust the hottest indoor air from the home.
- In a two-story home, the ideal location for this fan is typically in the open area at the top of the stairs.
- Avoid locating this fan in a narrow space or over hard flooring as the reflection of sound off of hard surfaces can amplify its perceived noise.
- We specifically recommend against locating this fan in a bedroom as humans' perception of noise is far greater when the surrounding environment is quiet (such as within a bedroom at night).
- Within the attic, locating the fan near an electrical outlet or power supply can minimize the need for additional electrical work.

Required Attic Ventilation:

It is critical that the attic be sufficiently ventilated for this fan to operate properly. Without adequate ventilation, hot air cannot easily escape from the attic, which creates back-pressure that can substantially reduce the fan's performance. Specifically, operating this fan in an attic with less net free ventilation area than recommended will decrease its airflow and energy efficiency.

| Whole House Fan Model | Lift-Lock or Ventura 1700 | Liftlock or Ventura 2500 | Sierra or <u>Ventura</u> 3200 | Sierra or <u>Ventura</u> 3400 | Sierra or <u>Ventura</u> 5300 | AirScape X9 | AirScape DVS 5.0 |
|--|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| CEC Required Minimum Net Free Vent Area | 2.3 ft ² | 4.3 ft ² | 4.3 ft ² | 4.6 ft ² | 7.1 ft² | 7.1 ft ² | 7.1 ft ² |
| AirScape Recommended Net Free Vent Area | 4 ft ² | 6 ft ² | 6 ft ² | 7 ft² | 10 ft² | 10 ft² | 10 ft² |

Venting requirements vary by fan. We recommend a minimum of 1 square feet of "net free" ventilation area per 500 cfm at a fan's highest speed. The minimum attic venting requirements for each model of AirScape@Sierra and <a href="Ventura@VenturawVen

Net free ventilation area can be provided by any combination of gable, eyebrow, roof cap, soffit, or ridge vents, or any other method of ventilating the attic space. However, the openings of most vents are partially obstructed by grilles, louvers, and/or screens. A vent's "net free" ventilation area is then the surface area of its opening minus the surface area of any grilles, louvers, or screening covering it. Different types of vents have different ratios of net free area to total area.

Manufacturers typically publish their vents net free ventilation areas and/or ratios in their products specification documents. If this information is unavailable, a ratio of 50% net free area to total area is usually a good rule of thumb. The most notable exception to this rule of thumb are ridge vents. The industry standard net free ventilation area for ridge vents is 13% of the vent's length in feet. Thus, a ten foot ridge vent would provide 1.3 sq. ft. of net free ventilation area.

While in our experience most properly constructed homes have adequately ventilated attics, not all do. Because sufficient ventilation is so critical to this fan's performance, it is important that the home's existing ventilation be verified before it is installed.

Since most attics have multiple vents, often of different types, it is necessary to count each vent, noting its type and size. Apply the appropriate ratio to the dimensions of each vent to find its net free area, and sum these values to find the attic's total ventilation. An example of how these calculations are made is given in the chart below.

| Vent Type | Dimensions | Total Area (sq/ft) | Net Free Area Ratio (NFA) | Net Free Ventilation Area (= Total Area x NFA |
|-----------------|--------------|---|------------------------------|--|
| Louver | 24" x24" | 24" x 24" ÷ 144 = 4 ft ² | 50% | $4 \text{ ft}^2 \times 0.50 = 2.0 \text{ ft}^2$ |
| Ridge | 10 feet | n/a | 13% | 10 feet x 0.13 = 1.33 ft ² |
| Round soffit | 10" diameter | $3.14 \times 5'' \times 5'' \div 144 = 0.55 \text{ ft}^2$ | 50% | $0.55 \text{ ft}^2 \times 0.50 = 0.28 \text{ ft}2$ |
| | | 3.61 ft ² | | |

SAFETY INFORMATION



Some of the principles of this product's safe installation and operation are not immediately obvious. Read the following safety information before continuing further:



- Never operate this fan without a window or door opened.
- This fan is meant for general ventilation. It has NOT been designed to ventilate particle laden and/or explosive mixtures of air.
- This fan is not for use in kitchens.
- Never force open the damper door(s), this could severely damage the actuator. **Always** depress the actuator's yellow clutch release before manually opening or closing the damper door(s).
- Before installing or servicing this fan, switch power off at the home's electrical panel to reduce the risk of damaging circuit boards, fire, electrical shock, or injury.

SUPPLIES INCLUDED

Prior to beginning installation, please verify all of the following items were received:

- 1700 Fan Assembly, check, note serial. (see <u>Specifications</u> for identification of the main parts)
- Lift-Lock Assembly or Air-Door Assembly, check, note serial. (depends on what was ordered)
- Cube-Core Grille (incl. powder-coated wood screws, Ventura version ONLY)
- Hardware Kit (incl. screws / driver / tape / strain relief for interlock usually included in controller package)
- Digital Touch Controller package—including one Digital Touch controller, one wall mounting bracket, mounting screws and 20 feet of red shielded CAT5 cable.

Once all received parts are verified, perform an operational test BEFORE installing it in the attic. See "Installing the Controller" and "Start-up and Operation" for connections to be made. This is a good time to write down the serial number(s) on this IOM, which will save you a trip to the attic if you require Tech Support.

REQUIRED TOOL & SUPPLIES NOT INCLUDED

In addition to the included items listed above, the following tools and supplies are required to install the Whole House Fan:

- · Safety Glasses, Gloves
- Receptacle tester
- Drywall Cutter
- Cordless screwdriver with Phillips head and miscellaneous drill bits
- · High quality caulk
- Lumber matching dimensions of the attic joists (e.g. 2"x6", 2"x8", etc.) and cut to fit according to the instructions in the Installation section below.
- Fishing tape or similar tool (to pull control cable through the wall)

ELECTRICAL REQUIREMENTS

The <u>1700</u> model WHF requires a 120 volt, Single Phase, 60 Hz, 1A uninterrupted power supply. These specifications must be taken into account when allocating power from existing circuits. We strongly recommend providing a dedicated circuit.

This Circuit MUST be Ground Tested. This can be done easily using a <u>receptacle tester</u> available at most hardware stores. This fan has a factory-installed, 20 ft. power cord. Consider this length when choosing a location for this fan. Depending on the location of existing outlets in the attic, the installation of an additional outlet may be required.

All wiring and connections must be made according to this manual and acceptable wiring standards. All local codes must be followed. Consult an electrician if necessary.

SYSTEM INSTALL GUIDE

The <u>AirScape</u> Whole House Fan is going to be placed in the attic, residing in an area not easily accessed. The only parts in the living space are the Lift-Lock or the Grille (depends on ordered version) and the Digital Touch Controller. It is wise to "plan" and document your Whole House Fan Installation.

Pay particular attention to where the Door Assembly fits. Make sure the door assembly and fan assembly FIT in the space you selected on the framing in your attic and that the CUT you have to make in the ceiling is in a desired position in the living space. You may want to pay attention to the aesthetics or look of the living space components.

Pay attention to where the fan would go, where is there a power receptacle within reach of the fan's 20 foot power cord is there enough clearance for the fan to exhaust properly. It would be great if you did not need an electrician to install Your Whole House Fan. (All dimension can be taken from the units as shipped to you, or see <u>Specifications</u>)

NOTE: DO NOT INSTALL THE DTC CONTROLLER NEXT TO HOME AUTOMATION DEVICES (nest etc.)! IF YOU PURCHASED A REMOTE MAKE SURE YOU MOUNT THE RECEIVER!

If the Door Assembly has to be installed in a wall or slanted roof, please note the orientation limitations of the door assembly you purchased.

The <u>1700 Lift-Lock</u> WHF with an actuated drop down or <u>Lift-Lock Door</u> is a door assembly with glides, that allow the door to slide open. Standard the unit comes with a door length up orientation.

The Lift-Lock can be mounted in all orientations but the glides will have to be moved to the rotated position on the Lift-Lock to accommodate some of the other orientations (latest version only).

It is imperative that the glides are oriented properly so the load of the door is carried on the small edge of the glide. (see image)



The <u>1700 Ventura</u> WHF has <u>Gravity Air Doors</u> that will need to be oriented properly to ensure closure of the doors.

The orientation of the door plates inside the assembly is critical and always ought to be the length of the door plate upward (check for older air doors). (see fig1)

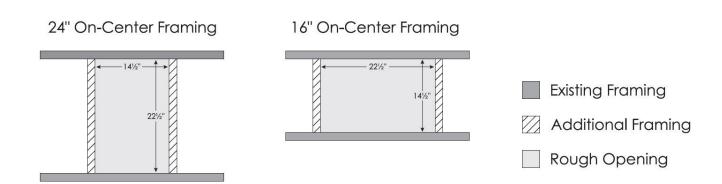
The unit MUST be mounted as shown (latest versions only), NOTE: orientation of the unit and the maximum 40 degree angle.

Due to the weight of the Fan Assembly we recommend supporting the bottom of the unit with framing. Note the needed access to the electrical panel on the Fan Assembly.



Frame in the opening yourself:

First, using appropriately sized lumber (e.g. $2" \times 6"$, $2" \times 8"$, etc.) cut to fit, frame in a rough opening from the living space into the attic as shown below. Cut out the drywall inside of the framing to create the rough opening. Best method is to drill holes in the inside corners of the created framing and then saw out the piece from the living space. Clean-up can be made much easier by using a tarp and/or box to catch the falling debris.



To ensure that all air drawn in by the fan will be from inside the house, use a good quality latex caulk to seal all wood-to-wood and wood-to-metal joints to create an air-tight enclosure.

INSTALLATION OF THE LIFT-LOCK (AI14-22)

Before Installing the Lift-Lock move the Fan Box, Fan, mounting hardware and tools into the attic through the rough opening.

The Lift-Lock or drop down door is installed into the framed in cut opening made into the ceiling. The Lift-Lock can be secured from the attic but it still must be placed into the rough opening from below.

It is imperative that the glides used to open en close the door are oriented correctly to the gravity plane (see <u>System Install Guide</u>). The latest version of the Lift-Lock can be oriented in many ways but may require a change in glide orientation depending on your installation.

If you are installing into a ceiling the Lift-Lock should arrive with the correct standard orientation (see image below).

The Lift-Lock has several mounting holes. A series of holes can be found in the area where the door (when closed) sits and these require low profile screws to mount the unit there (no interference with the door).

There is also a series of mounting holes on the Lift-Lock side frames which allow you to mount the unit directly to the framing. (see image below)

It is wise to apply a bead of caulk to the inside edge (against the door frame) before placing the Lift-Lock into the rough opening. In any case do not over-tighten the screws. The door assembly has to only to be held in place.

It is imperative to install the black rubber strip (included) to the bottom of the Fan Box to minimize vibration transfer into the framing caused by the fans (see image). Then the Fan Box can be mounted on the framed in rough opening as shown using the four mounting screws.

Do not over-tighten!

Route the Actuator harness (from inside the fan box) with a molex connector to the Actuator of the Lift-Lock Caulk this corner edge all around the door frame

assembly. Connect the molex connector to the Lift-Lock Actuator harness.

INSTALLATION OF THE AIR DOOR (AD14-22-LP)

NOTE: IF YOU PURCHASED A REMOVABLE GRILLE PLEASE NOTE THAT THE AIR-DOOR MUST BE MOUNTED HIGHER INTO THE CUT OPENING TO FACILITATE OPENING THE GRILL.

Before Installing the Air Door move the Fan Box, Fan, mounting hardware and tools into the attic through the rough opening.

In the rough opening mark a line 1 ½" (standard G1422 Cube Core Grille) or 2 ½" (removable RG1422 Cube Core Grille) from the edge of the rough cut-opening (living space) upward onto the wood frame (toward attic). Mark a line on both long sides. This will help line-up the door assembly for installation from below.

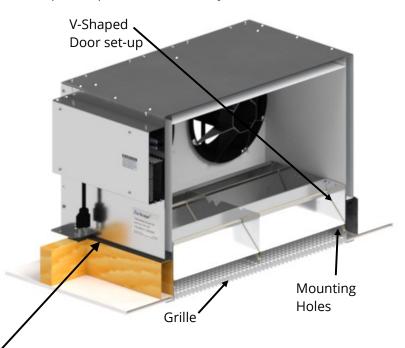
The AD14-22-LP is a low profile, low effort gravity Air Door with a V-shaped door set-up

The Air Door has mounting holes in the side panels.

Place the Air Door in the rough opening and line the bottom edge up with the lines you drew on the framing and screw the unit into place.

Do NOT over-tighten the screws. The mounting screws should only hold the unit in place.

Over-tightening of the screws can deform the Air Door and cause excessive door gaps.

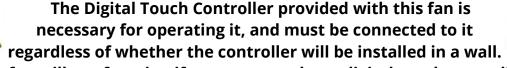


It is imperative to install the black rubber strip (included) to the bottom of the Fan Box to minimize vibration transfer into the framing caused by the fans (see image). Then the Fan Box can be mounted on the framed in rough opening as shown using the four mounting screws. Do not over-tighten!

The cube-core grille is installed from within the living space after the Fan Box and Air Door have been installed in their final location. From beneath the rough opening, first, use a high-quality latex caulk to seal all wood-to-wood and wood-to-metal seams within the space formed by the AD and framing.

Next, mount the grille to the framing using the white wood screws provided. Hold the grille in place and mark the mounting holes. We strongly recommend pre-drilling (undersized) holes in the framing for these screws; be careful to prevent them from stripping (DO NOT OVERTIGHTEN).

INSTALLATION OF WIRING AND CONTROL





This fan will not function if not connected to a digital touch controller!

If it is not desired to be installed in a wall, the controller can be connected to the fan and kept in the attic with the shielded CAT5 cable kept spooled. **Note: you will need a remote to operate it.**

The WebNode option (when available) may also be used to operate the system.

The standard control package included with this fan contains 1 wall-mounted Digital Touch Controller plus screws; 1 mounting bracket for the controller; and 20 ft. of Red Shielded CAT5 cable.

NOTE: DO NOT INSTALL THE DTC CONTROLLER NEXT TO HOME AUTOMATION DEVICES (nest, etc.)!

First, locate the desired location for the Digital Touch controller.

Install the mounting bracket according to figures A-C below.

Return to the attic and connect the red CAT5 cable to the RJ45 port on the control box labeled W/S (red). Run this cable from the control box to the location of the controller. NOTE: this is a low-voltage cable, <u>DO NOT RUN IT PARALLEL TO HIGH-VOLTAGE WIRING</u>; building codes generally require low-voltage cable to be run through shielded conduit.

NOTE: Carefully unwind and run the CAT5 Cable down the wall, AVOID kinks as this can damage the Cable conductors!

Connect the CAT5 cable to the RJ45 port on the back of the Digital Touch controller. Mount the controller to the mounting bracket with the provided white screws, DO NOT over-tighten (figure D).

Fig. A:

Fig. B:

Fig. C:

Fig. D:



Use the mounting bracket as a template to mark the hole location



Cut out the hole

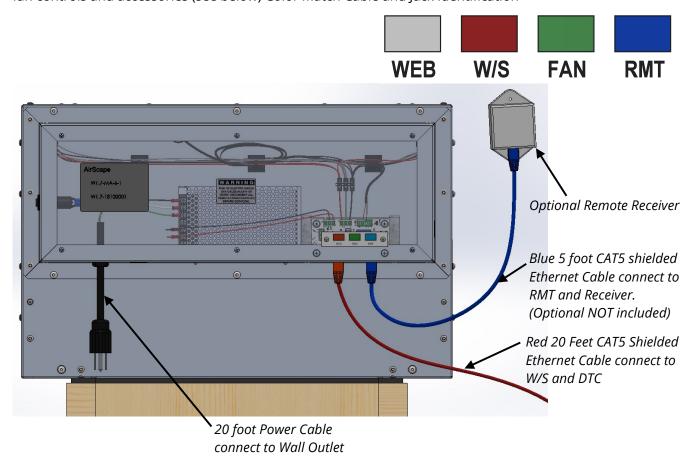


Place the mounting bracket and secure its locking tabs by tightening the silver screws



Connect the CAT5 cable. Mount the DTC to the bracket with the provided white screws

All wiring connections to the fan assembly are made at the fan-mounted electrical box. These are a 20 ft, black, factory-installed power cord and three RJ45 ("Ethernet") ports for connecting the fan controls and accessories (see below) Color Match Cable and Jack Identification



Note: The "WEB" port is not available yet but can be upgraded at a later time.

PURCHASE OPTIONS

A wireless remote is an available <u>accessory option</u> for this fan. The wireless remote is NOT included as part of this fan's standard control package. The yellow manual included with these accessories provides specific instructions for the installation and operation of the remote. If purchased, the wireless remote receiver is connected to the fan-mounted electrical box at the blue RMT RJ45 port. (see above)

An acoustical plenum (ACP1) and a removable grille (Ventura only) are other available accessory options.

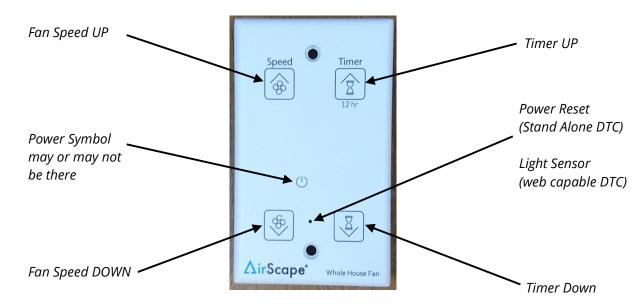
A Web Node is another option not included in the standard WHF package. This will allow you to control your fan using your mobile phone or tablet or home automation device through a web page or an app. The Web Node comes with a white cable and connects the Web Node to the WEB port. (see above) The yellow manual included with these accessories provides specific instructions for the installation and operation of the Web Node. Note: The "WEB" port is not available yet but can be upgraded at a later time.

START-UP AND OPERATION

Before starting this Fan for the first time, verify that:

- All wiring and connections have been made according to this manual and acceptable wiring standards, and that this manual and all local codes and standards have been followed in this fan's installation.
- No tools or construction debris have been left in, on, or around the fan.
- The fan's power cord has been plugged into a ground tested, 120-volt outlet with uninterrupted power.
- The area in front of the fan's outlet is as unobstructed as possible, with no object closer than 24" to the face of the fan.

When running this fan for the first time, make sure to observe it turning on, running at all of its speed settings, and turning off. Observe from both the attic (to observe the fan(s) itself) and the living space (to observe its damper door(s)), also verify Timer works at 1 Hour Setting.



As shown, there are four buttons on your fan's control interface:

The AirScape WHF has ten speed settings. Turn on the Fan by touching FAN UP or TIMER UP. Its door(s) will open and there will be a 10 second delay before the fan begins to operate (Lift-Lock Only). The fan will start at minimum speed. Green LED's will illuminate to indicate the speed setting. Note: there is no delay on a unit with gravity doors.

If the Fan was turned on by TIMER UP, the timer will be set to one hour and blue LED's will illuminate to indicate the timer setting. Press or hold FAN UP to increase the fan's speed to maximum. Press or hold TIMER UP to increase the length of time the Fan stays on in one hour increments until the desired time, or the maximum time of 12 hours, is achieved.

If the fan is already operating at minimum speed, touch FAN DOWN/OFF to turn off the fan; any time remaining on the timer will be canceled. If the fan is at maximum speed, press or hold FAN DOWN/OFF to decrease the speed to minimum and once again to turn the fan off.

Press or hold TIMER DOWN/CANCEL to reduce the time on the timer by one hour increments until the desired time is achieved or the timer is canceled. When the timer expires, the fan will turn off automatically. If the timer is canceled, the fan will remain on at its current speed. Whenever the fan is turned off, its damper door(s) will close tightly within about 60 seconds.

* Note: If untouched after a moment the selection LED's will dim.

OPERATING TIPS

- Never operate your whole house fan without also opening a window or door.
 Doing so can excessively depressurize your home.
- Only operate your whole house fan when the outdoor air temperature is cooler than the indoor temperature.
- Make sure your air conditioner and furnace are off before you turn on your whole house fan. Running either of these together with your whole house fan wastes energy and money because the fan will force expensively conditioned or heated air out of your home.
- Use your whole house fan's higher speed settings to cool your home quickly in the evening. Then, switch to its lower settings to run it quietly and efficiently through the night.
- We recommend you run your whole house fan through the night.
 Here's why: The goal of using a whole house fan is to cool your entire home, not just the air inside it. Once heated, your home's structure and contents continue to radiate heat until reaching the temperature of the surrounding air. By running your fan through the night, you speed up this cooling process and can then further "pre-cool" your home, reducing or eliminating the need to use air conditioning the next day. AirScape fans are extremely efficient, so operating your fan in this way is very inexpensive, especially compared to the cost of air conditioning.
- If your home has a basement, extra cooling can be achieved by drawing in air through the basement windows.
- You can control where your fan's cooling effect is concentrated by adjusting the location of the windows you open. Visualize the path air will travel from the windows to your fan's opening. Generally, the longer the path, the more cooling.

DIGITAL TOUCH CONTROLLER - DTC

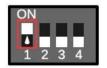
Although your DTC should arrive with all the proper settings for the system you purchased we include this information.

The function of the Digital Touch Controller is dependent on the configuration of the DIP switches and pin jumper located on the back of the PCB. The jumper pins are located to the left of the RJ45 port, and the DIP switches are immediately below it.

The jumper is configured by placing it to connect two of the three pins, as shown (pin 1-2). *

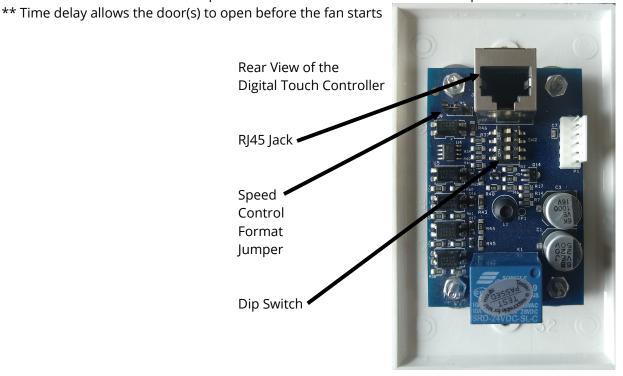


The DIP switches are configured by switching them to the ON or OFF position, depending on the switch number. A DIP switch in the ON position is set away from its number, and towards the side labeled ON, as shown.

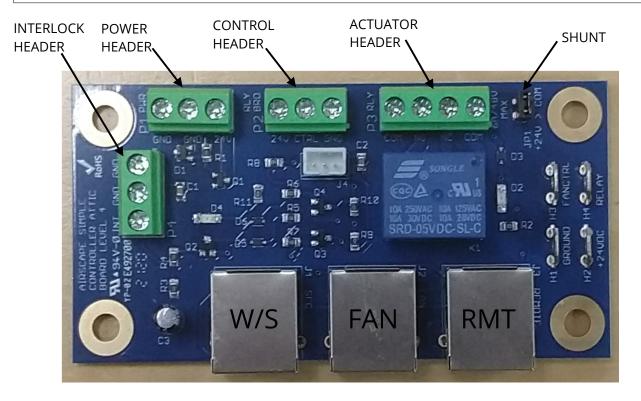


| MODEL | JUMPER SETTING | DIP SWITCH SETTING |
|--|--------------------|---|
| 1700 Lift-Lock Any unit with actuated doors requires a delayed fan start. (time delay) | Pin 2-3* (0-10VDC) | 1: ON 2: OFF 3: OFF 4: ON 1 2 3 4 (time delay**) |
| 1700 Ventura AirScape Fans with Gravity Doors (Ventura) Units with gravity doors can be started directly (no time delay) | Pin 2-3* (0-10VDC) | 1: ON 2: OFF 3: OFF 4: OFF (direct start) |

* Pin 1-2 = 24VDC PWM Motor speed control/ Pin 2-3 = 0 – 10 VDC Motor speed control.



FAN BOX BOARD



There is quite a bit of white text on the board, labeling these connections. The Actuator Relay (door) has 24VDC on the COM terminals (JP1=shunted). This provides power to the actuators of your Lift-Lock (this is unused in the Ventura).

Fan speed control signals can be put out in both formats and are chosen on the DTC (JP1, see DTC above). On this fan board (SCAB) the motor control wiring is connected to the control header. (see <u>Electrical Schematic</u>)

The Red LED D4 comes on with power to the board and the Red LED D2 comes on when the controller calls for a fan start and activates the door (fan will start after a 10 second delay if selected)

Interlock:

This allows you to disable operation of the unit while other appliances are active, such as heating or cooling systems. While triggered, this interlock disables the fan and sets the damper doors to the Off position, but does not reset the current fan speed as displayed on the Digital Touch controller. Removal of the interlock allows the unit to resume the previously set fan speed. The Timer function will continue to operate normally while the interlock is active.

It is important that <u>no voltage</u> be sent to the board from external sources when choosing how to wire this interlock. It is designed to operate only as a closed loop circuit. This interlock is controlled with the INT and GND contacts on terminal block P4, on the SCAB. This board is found inside the junction box mounted on the fan unit.

This interlock is triggered by closing the circuit between two contacts on the board. The exact method of closing this circuit will depend on the particular installation and equipment the controller is interfacing with. One possible way of doing so is with a double-pole wall switch, in which it it wired so that one pole is

used to control power to the appliance and the other pole closes the interlock contacts. Another way would be to use a relay or current switch that is activated when the appliance is turned on. A Fire Alarm may call for the "InterLock" as well

MAINTENANCE

There is no routine maintenance required for the Fan other than making sure the Fan and its damper door(s) remain clear of dust or debris, and that the <u>area in front of the Fans remains as unobstructed</u> as possible, <u>with no object closer than 24" to the face of the Fans</u>.

We however advise that you check the operation of the doors and fan at the start of each season and remove any insulation panels in the removable grille if you purchased such an option.

A re-settable circuit breaker is located on the Fan-mounted electrical box to protect circuit boards from power surges. In the case of a power surge, this breaker can be reset by simply pushing the button back in.

If you purchased the Lift-Lock at the start of the season we advise inspecting the door fasteners and lever fasteners, are they tightened properly? (not loose). It may be a good idea to re-lube the glide bearings if the door seems slower than usual. By turning off the power to the unit when the door is open you have access to operate the door manually **using the clutch** which gives a good indication of the ease of operation, all from the comfort of the living space. We recommend applying bearing grease to the small edges (both sides) of the glide (when fully extended) and operating the door a few times (remove the access grease, important it may fall on the carpet/flooring over time). Do NOT use sprays.

GLOSSARY

AD: Air-Door, a gravity door made to seal well and open with little effort includes framing (latest versions), requires a grille

CEC: California Energy Commision.

CFM: Cubic Feet per Minute.

dBA: Decibels A is a noise level measured in decibels (dB) 60dBA is considered conversation level noise.

DTC: Digital Touch Controller

DVS: Direct Venting System.

GFCI: Ground Fault Circuit Interrupter, for systems using a motor use a Motor Rated GFCI.

Hz: Hertz equals the number of cycles per second (alternating currents)

LL: Lift-Lock [™] Actuated insulated door installed from the living space (no grille)

O/C: On Center, indication of framing distance between beams measured in the center of the beam.

PAL: Powered Air-Lock [™] Actuated Door(s) usually insulated, requires a grille

PSU: Power Supply Unit.

PWM: Pulse Width Modulation is used for controlling the amplitude of digital signals in order to control motor speed or other devices.

SCAB: Simple Controller Attic Board or Fan Box Board (located on the fan)

VA: Volt-ampere (VA) is a measurement of power in a direct current (DC) electrical circuit 1 VA = 1W

VAC: Volts Alternating Current.

VDC: Volts Direct Current.

WHF: Whole House Fan a ventilation system intended for cooling the entire house.

TROUBLE SHOOTING



Before servicing your whole house fan, turn off power to it at your home's electrical panel to reduce the risk of electrical shock, injury, fire, and/or circuit board damage.



Your AirScape Fan has been factory tested. If you encounter problems with the unit, please take a few minutes to run through the following troubleshooting procedures **before calling for technical support**.

NOTE:

A "kinked" CAT5E Cable may cause all of the listed symptoms. Use a second short cable and plug the wall switch (controller) directly into the W/S port on the fan to rule out a cable issue before proceeding.

A re-settable circuit breaker is located on the Fan-mounted electrical box to protect circuit boards from power surges. In the case of a power surge, this breaker can be reset by simply pushing the button back in.

Symptom: Unit does not start

Possible causes: No power to unit or kinked Ethernet Cable

Suggestion 1: Open Fan Box, is the power LED on the SCAB* on?

Reset main Power (unplug, wait 10 sec., plug in).

Suggestion 2: Check the re-settable circuit breaker on fan's electrical box.

Suggestion 3: Take DTC** into the attic and connect it to the W/S port using another CAT5 Cable.

Suggestion 4: Check power (115VAC) at the electrical outlet, inside the fan's electrical box wiring at both the power supply (115VAC) and the SCAB* (24VDC inside the fan's electrical box).

Suggestion 5: Check for a control signal (control 0-10VDC) signal at fan's control wire connections on the SCAB*.

** DTC = Digital Touch Controller

* SCAB = Simple Controller Attic Board / Fan Box Mounted Board

Symptom: Door(s) does not open, but Fan starts ((PAL / LiftLock) actuated units only).

Possible causes: No power to damper actuator, or damper shaft loose.

Suggestion 1: Check for 24VDC at the actuator(s) harness and at the SCAB* (fan's electrical box, see schematic)

Suggestion 2: Operate door(s) manually using the <u>Actuator Clutch</u>. Verify that the Actuator rotates with the door shaft and that the shaft rotates with the door.

Symptom: Door(s) open but Fan does not start.

Possible causes: Wiring issue between SCAB* and Fan

Suggestion 1: Open Fan's electrical box and check for power (115VAC) at the fan's power wires.

Suggestion 2: Check for a control signal (control 0-10VDC) signal at fan's control wire connections on the SCAB*.

Symptom: Wireless remote does not Operate.

Possible causes: Battery, RF interference.

Suggestion 1: Check transmitter's battery for power. Replace if necessary, NOTE: POLARITY.

Suggestion 2: Check to see if LED on the remote receiver is lit. Open the cover and see if the internal LED's respond by pressing a button on the remote.

Suggestion 3: Temporarily replace the CAT5 Ethernet cable with another cable.

Suggestion 4: Check for red LED response on DTC (stand alone only) when pressing the remote buttons.

DTC trouble shooting

When the Digital Touch Controller (DTC) is connected to the fan, and the fan to power, a red LED will illuminate on the face plate (Stand Alone only). If the Power Indicator is not illuminated; double-check the connections between the fan and the controller, between the fan and the power outlet and power at the outlet.

If problems are encountered, please take a few moments to run through the troubleshooting procedures described on the blue Warranty Card. If these suggestions do not work, contact AirScape technical support at 1.866.448.4187 or by email at experts@airscapefans.com for further assistance.

NOTE: You will be asked for the serial numbers of the Fan and PAL.

| NOTES | | |
|-------|--|--|
| | | |

1700 WHF

Ceiling (not incl.)

Lift-Lock AI 14-22

SPECIFICATIONS 1700

1700-Lift-Lock

Dimensions Fan box: 26 3/4"L x 22 3/8"W x 14 7/16"H **Min. Attic Clearance:** 30" (for install from living space)

Weight 1700 Fan: 32.5 lbs

Lift-Lock (Al14-22): 24.15"L x 16.22"W x 16.9"H

Weight Lift-Lock: 14.5 lbs

Lift-Lock Insulation: Polyiso = R9.6
Tested Airflow*: 97 / 1696 CFM
Tested Power*: 9 / 73.2 Watts
Tested Noise**: 36 / 55 dBA
Rough Opening: 14.5"W × 22.5"L
Electrical: 120 VAC, 60 Hz, 0.7 A
Installation: 16" or 24" O/C joists

Controls: Low Voltage,

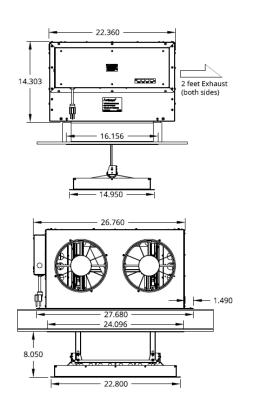
Digital Touch Controller optional wireless remote

Speed Settings: 10

Warranty: 3 years parts,

1 years controls

Due to continual product improvement, performance ratings and specifications are subject to change without notice.





^{*} Actual performance will vary from installation to installation.

^{**} Tested at 45° and 1 meter from the grille.

1700-Ventura

Dimensions Fan box: 26 3/4"L x 22 3/8"W x 14 7/16"H **Min. Attic Clearance:** 30" (for install from living space)

Weight 1700 Fan: 32.5 lbs

AD (AD14-22-LP): 22.25"L x 14.25"W x 5"H

Weight Air Door: 2.5 lbs

Grille: G1422 Cube Core
Tested Airflow*: 2 / 1545 CFM
Tested Power*: 9 / 80 Watts
Tested Noise**: 36 / 55 dBA
Rough Opening: 14.5"W × 22.5"L

Electrical: 120 VAC, 60 Hz, 0.7 A **Installation:** 16" or 24" O/C joists

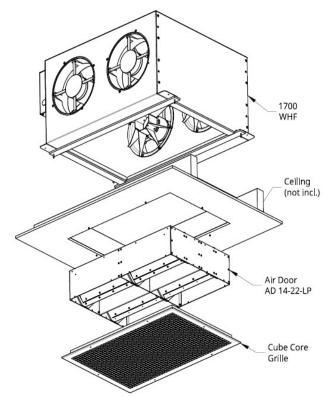
Controls: Low Voltage,

Digital Touch Controller optional wireless remote

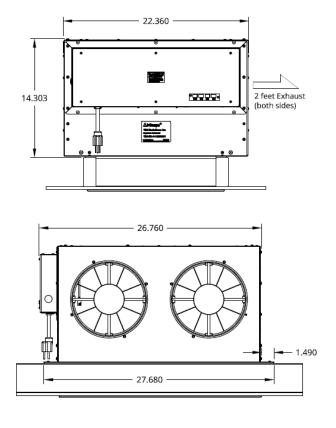
Speed Settings: 10

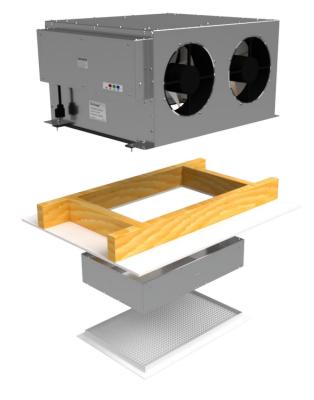
Warranty: 3 years parts,

1 years controls



Due to continual product improvement, performance ratings and specifications are subject to change without notice.





^{*} Actual performance will vary from installation to installation.

^{**} Tested at 45° and 1 meter from the grille.

AIRLAB RESULTS 1700

AirScape fans enjoy a higher efficiency than our competitors because of our <u>patented design</u>.

1700 Lift-Lock

| Fan Setting | Power (Watts) | AirLab Airflow (CFM) | Efficiency (CFM per Watt) | Sound Level @ Inlet (dBa) (test room @ 36dBa) | |
|----------------|---|-------------------------|------------------------------|--|--|
| 1 | 9.0 | 97 | 10.78 | 36 | |
| 2 | 11 | 253 | 23 | 37 | |
| 3 | <mark>16.6</mark> | <mark>648</mark> | <mark>39.04</mark> | <mark>39</mark> | |
| 4 | <mark>23.5</mark> | <mark>927</mark> | <mark>39.45</mark> | <mark>40</mark> | |
| 5 | <mark>31.9</mark> | <mark>1137</mark> | <mark>35.64</mark> | <mark>42</mark> | |
| <mark>6</mark> | <mark>41</mark> | <mark>1280</mark> | <mark>31.22</mark> | <mark>47</mark> | |
| 7 | <mark>49.8</mark> | <mark>1426</mark> | <mark>28.63</mark> | <mark>48</mark> | |
| 8 | 58.1 | 1529 | 26.32 | 50 | |
| 9 | 67.3 | 1642 | 24.4 | 52 | |
| 10 | 73.2 | 1696 | 23.17 | 55 | |
| High E | High Efficiency High Efficiency Range, Low Harmonic Range | | | | |

1700-Ventura

| Fan Setting | Power (Watts) | AirLab Airflow (CFM) | Efficiency (CFM per Watt) | Sound Level @ Inlet (dBa) (test room @ 36dBa) | |
|----------------|---|-------------------------|------------------------------|--|--|
| 1 | 9 | 2 | 0.22 | 36 | |
| 2 | 14 | 9 | 0.64 | 37 | |
| 3 | 20 | 84 | 4.2 | 39 | |
| 4 | 27 | 321 | 11.89 | 40 | |
| 5 | <mark>33.8</mark> | <mark>547</mark> | <mark>16.18</mark> | <mark>42</mark> | |
| 6 | <mark>43.2</mark> | <mark>913</mark> | <mark>21.13</mark> | <mark>47</mark> | |
| 7 | <mark>54.7</mark> | <mark>1226</mark> | <mark>22.41</mark> | <mark>48</mark> | |
| 8 | <mark>63.4</mark> | <mark>1351</mark> | <mark>21.31</mark> | <mark>50</mark> | |
| 9 | <mark>73.9</mark> | <mark>1488</mark> | <mark>20.14</mark> | <mark>52</mark> | |
| 10 | 80 | <mark>1545</mark> | <mark>19.31</mark> | <mark>55</mark> | |
| High E | High Efficiency High Efficiency Range, Low Harmonic Range | | | | |

AIRSCAPE 101 - RESOURSE

ELECTRICAL SCHEMATIC 1700

